



# A Catalog of Wide Binary and Multiple Systems of Bright Stars from *Gaia*-DR2 and the Virtual Observatory

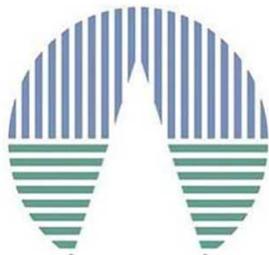
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## Why wide comoving systems?

- Test stellar formation and evolution theories
  - $s > 20,000$  au are challenging to binary formation models
- They are valuable indicators of Galactic environment
  - $s > 1$  pc provide further constraints in the Galactic gravitational potential
- Age indicators

## Gaia-DR1 & TGAS

- Tycho-Gaia Astrometric solution for 2 million sources
  - Proper motion ( $\sigma \sim 1,3$  mas/yr)
  - Parallax ( $\sigma \sim 0,3$  mas)
- 3 Binary/Mult. Star Catalogues (Andrews et al. 2017 , Oelkers et al . 2017 , Oh et al. 2017)
  - Sophisticated Galactic models
  - Two binary populations:
    - Wide stable systems, high U and short s, expected to live  $> 10$  Gyr
    - Ultra-wide unstable systems, low U and large s, expected to live  $< \text{few Gyr}$   
(No Andrews et al.)

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- Gaia Astrometric solution for 1,3 billion sources
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  - Parallax ( $\sigma \sim 0,04$  mas)
  - $G_{BP} - G_{RP}$  & RV

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**Check the results  
from TGAS**

## Methodology

**Gaia-DR2 & Tycho-2:** the ~2,5 Million brightest stars ( $G < 13$  mag)

1. **Good astrometry**  $\rightarrow$  1,936,422 sources
  - $RUWE < 1.4$
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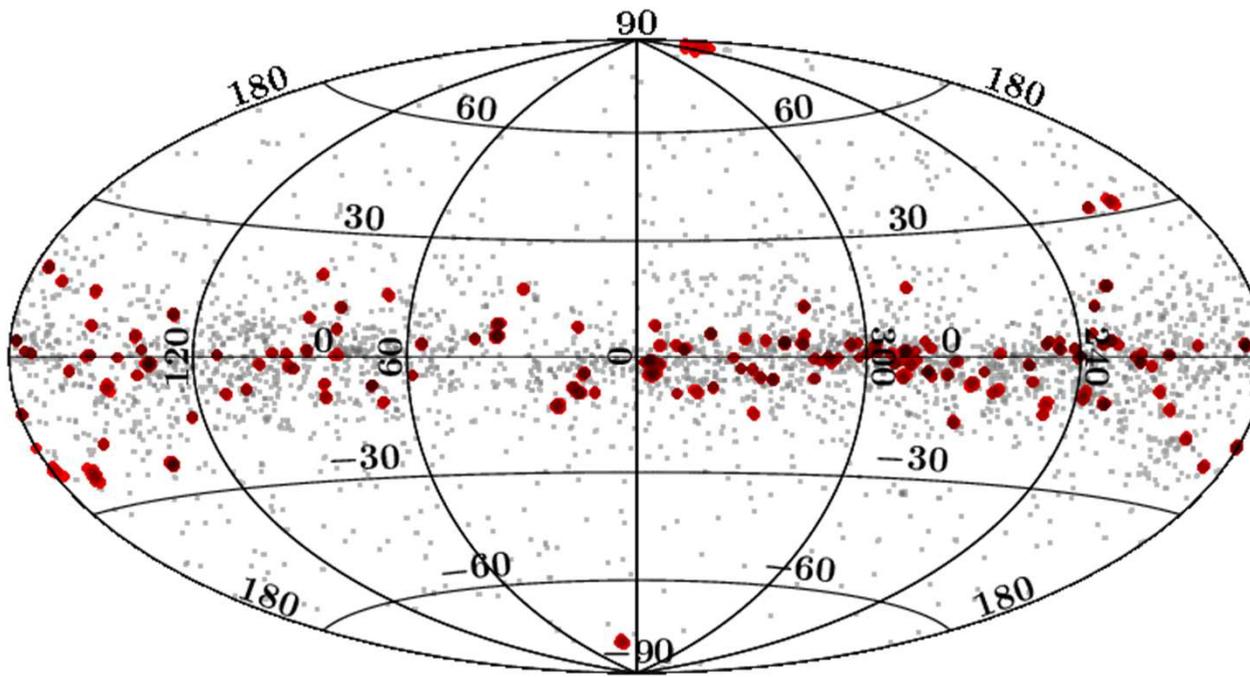
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- 3. Multiple comoving systems** ( $> 2$  members)
- 4. RV rejection**
  - Gaia-DR2 & RAVE
  - $\sigma < 5$  km/s  $\rightarrow$  RV for 678 candidates pairs
  - Similar RV within  $2.5\sigma \rightarrow 16\%$  of pairs had discrepant

## Catalogue

11,552 sources grouped in 3741 commoving binary and multiple systems



Galactic coordinates. Red dots:  $> 7$  members

Table 1. Number of systems according to multiplicity

Members	Systems	similar RV
2	3055	570
3	288	4
4	104	
5	63	
6	42	1
7	34	
8	21	
9	16	
10	14	
$>10^a$	104	
<b>Total</b>	<b>3741</b>	<b>575</b>

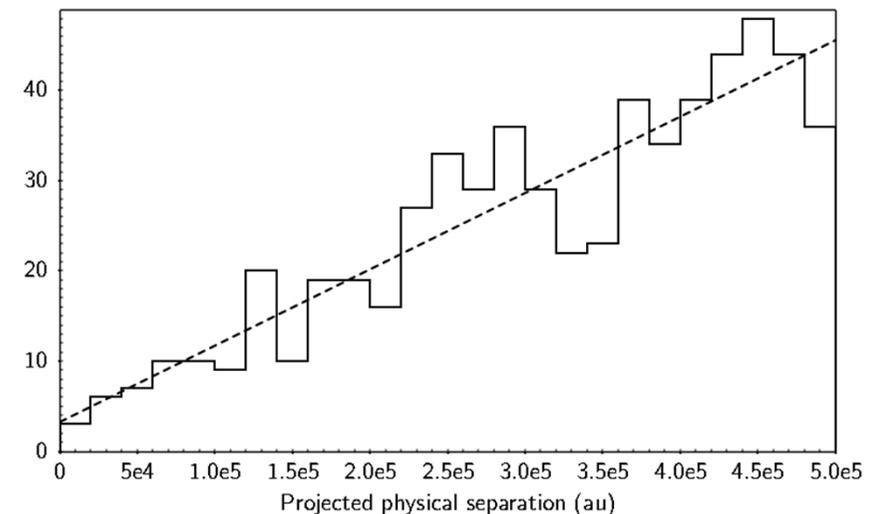
## Chance alignment contamination

### 1. Galaxy Specular Star

- Virtually move each star to the opposite side to the Galactic plane
- Search for comoving companions
- Any match is a false positive
- 714 false comoving systems
- False positives increase with  $s$

#### ~ 20% expected contamination

- ~1% for  $s < 50,000$  au
- ~10% for  $50,000 < s < 100,000$  au
- Up to 40% for the largest separations



## Chance alignment contamination

### 2. Expected chance alignment counterparts (ECAC)

- Searching area: Circle (C) of 500.000 au sky projected radius ( $R_C$ )
- Testing area: Surrounding annulus with outer radius  $5 \cdot R_C$
- Search for comoving companions in the annulus
- Assumption: Any match in the testing regions is a false positive

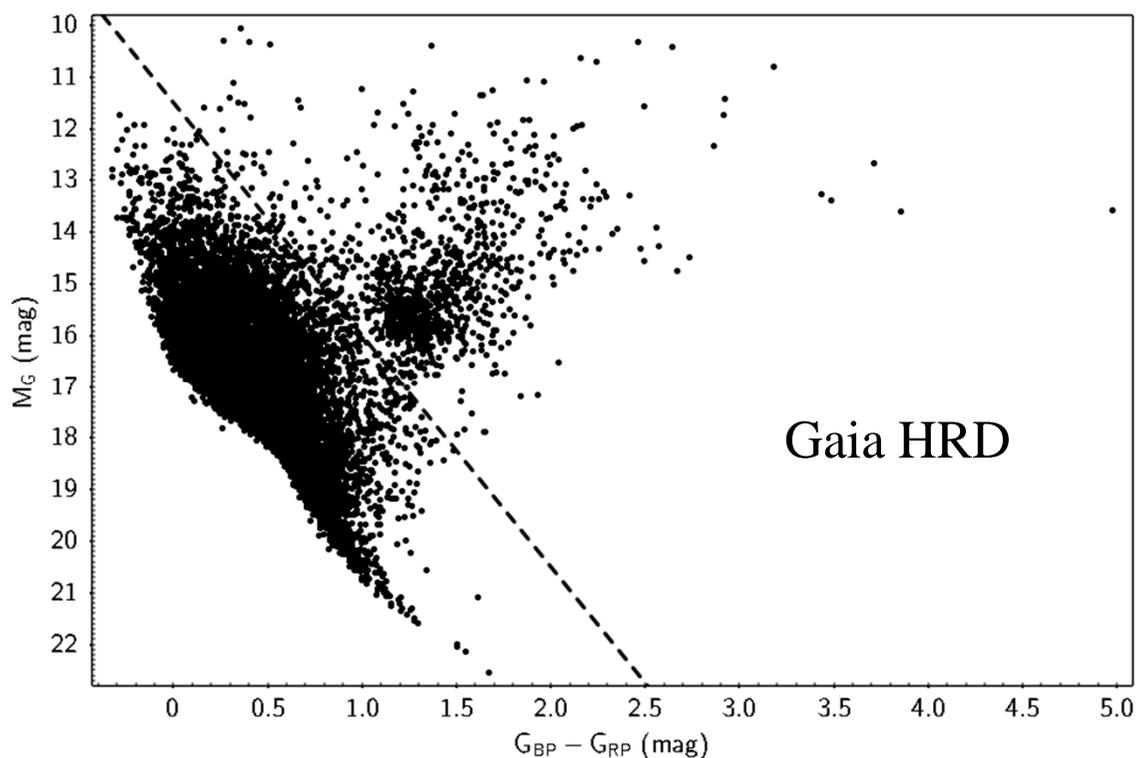
$$ECAC = M_A \cdot N_C / N_A$$

### ECAC is not dependent on the physical properties of the system

- ECAC = 0 for 4,212 systems
- **ECAC > 0 (~ 31%)**
  - ~ 5% for  $s < 50,000$  au
  - ~ 18% for  $50,000 < s < 100,000$  au
  - Up to 51% for the largest separations

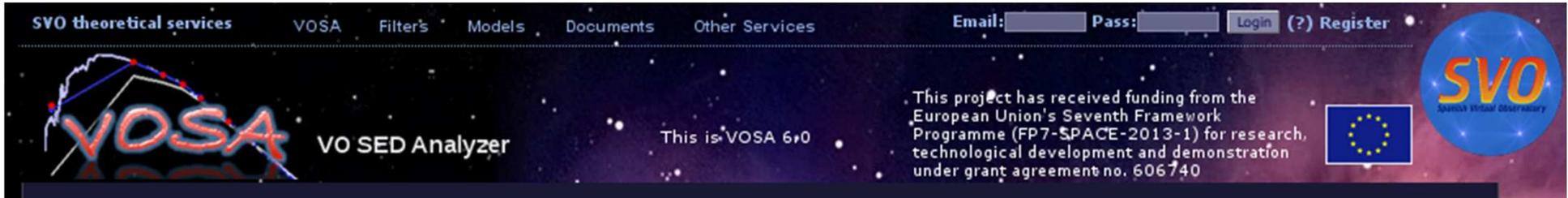
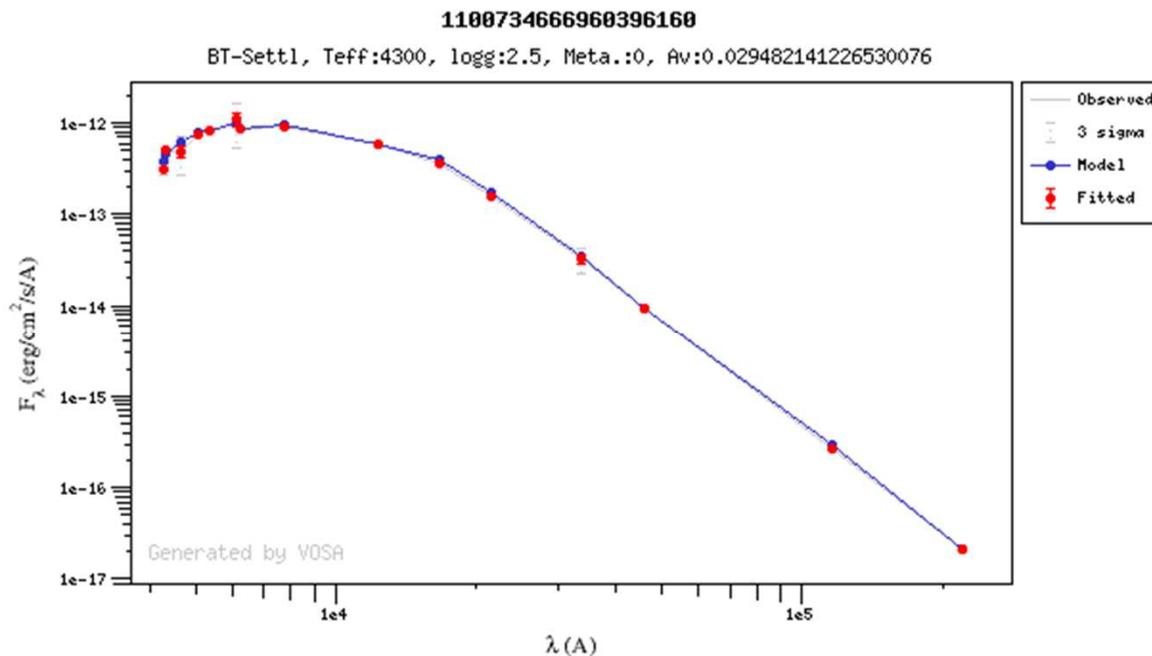
## Physical Properties

Dwarfs / Subgiant & Giant separation



1,094 Giants (~ 10%)

## Physical Properties

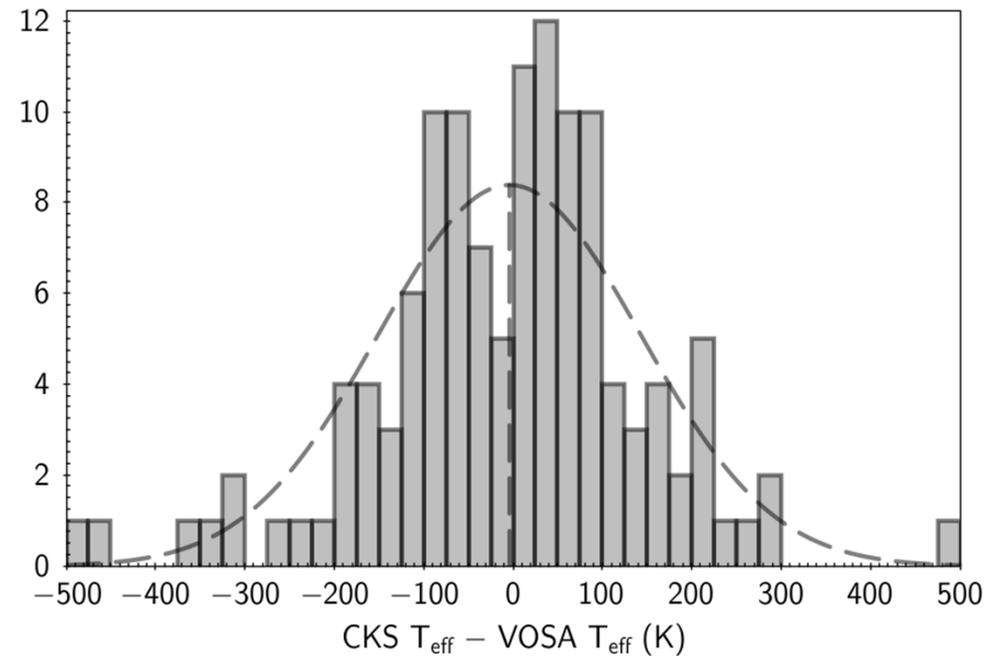
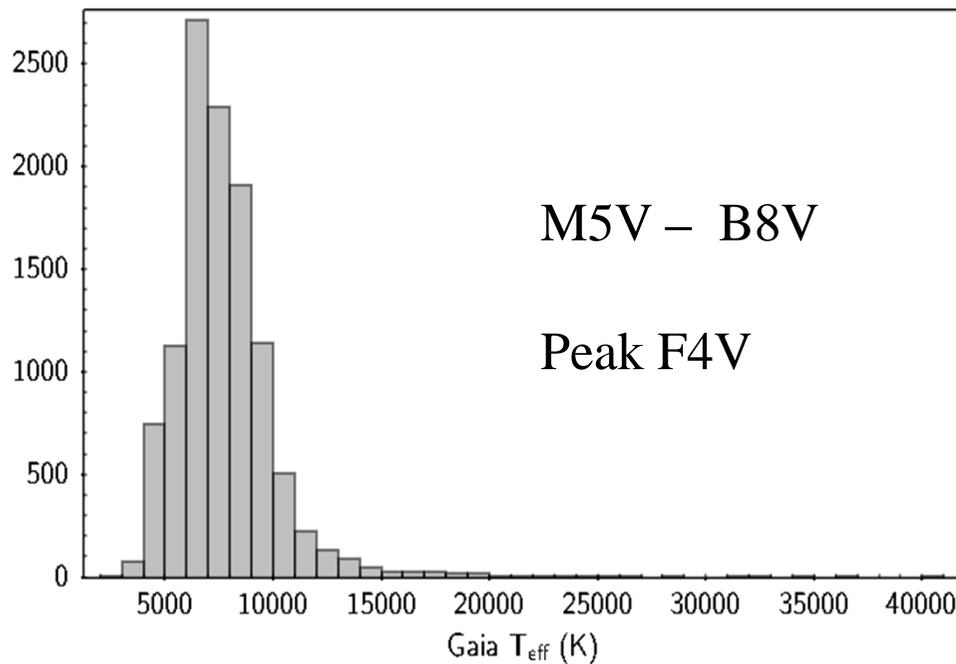
- SEDs: **GALEX** & **Tycho2** & **Gaia-DR2** & **APASS** & **2MASS** & **WISE**
- Extinction from VO & Gaia-DR2 (or no extinction)
- BT-Settl with solar metallicity and  $\neq$  logg for D/G

## Physical Properties

### Effective temperature

- 11,143  $T_{\text{eff}}$  ( $\sim 96\%$ )
- $\sigma \sim 135$  K

### California-Kepler Survey (High-resolution Spectroscopy)



## Physical Properties

- **Mass** ( $\sigma < 0.2 M_{\odot}$ ) from  $T_{\text{eff}}$ 
  - Interpolating Tables of Gray (2008)
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  - $U = -GM_1M_2/a$   $a$ : physical separation ( $a = 1.26s$ ; Fischer & Marcy 1992)

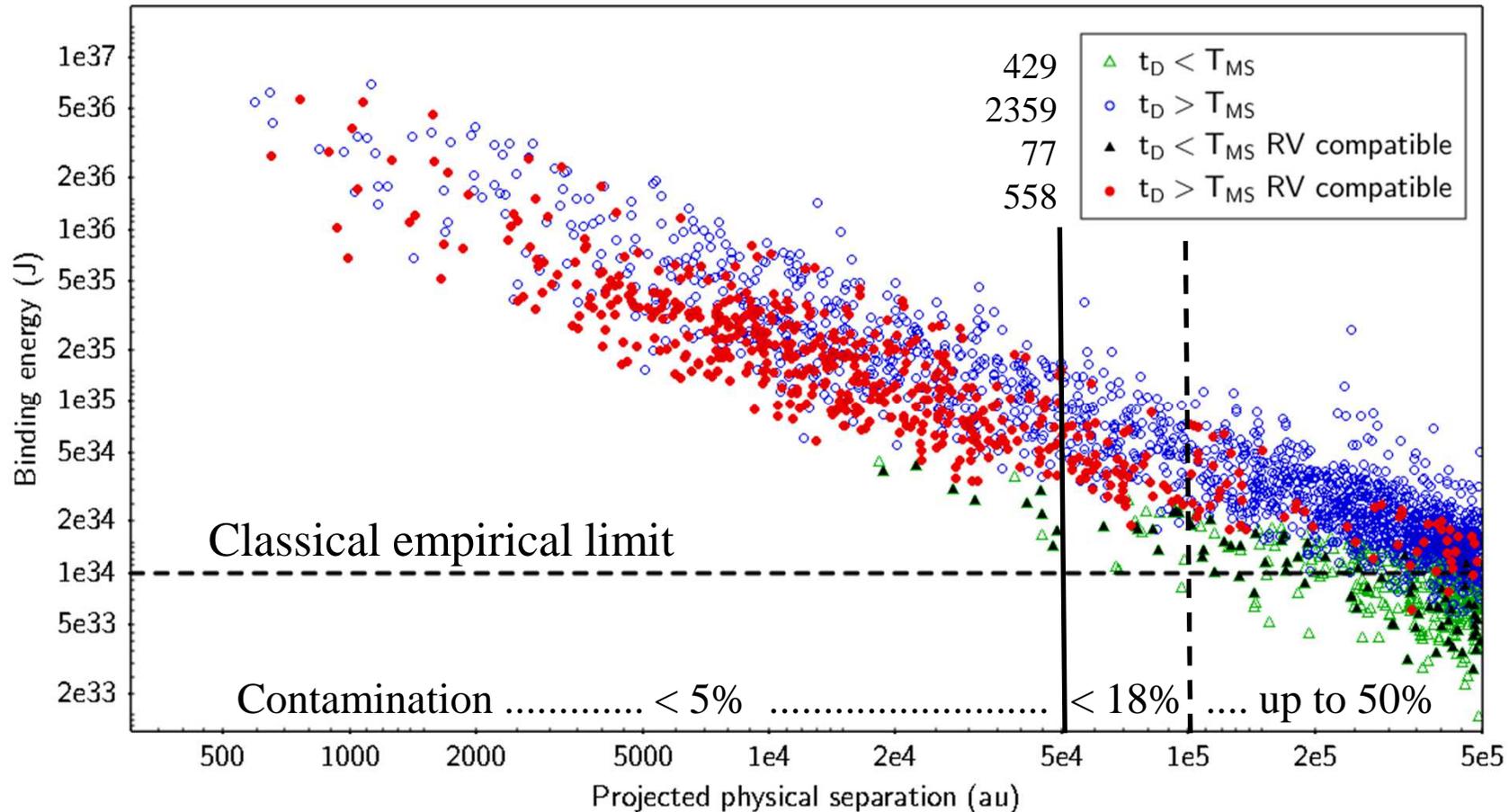
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- **Main sequence lifetime**
  - Upper limit for the star age
  - At the MS  $L \sim M^{3.5} \rightarrow t_{\text{MS}} \sim 10M/L = 10M^{-2.5}$
- **Dissipation lifetime**
  - Upper limit for the system age
  - $t_{\text{D}} \sim 1.212M_{\text{tot}}/a$  (Oelker et al. 2017)

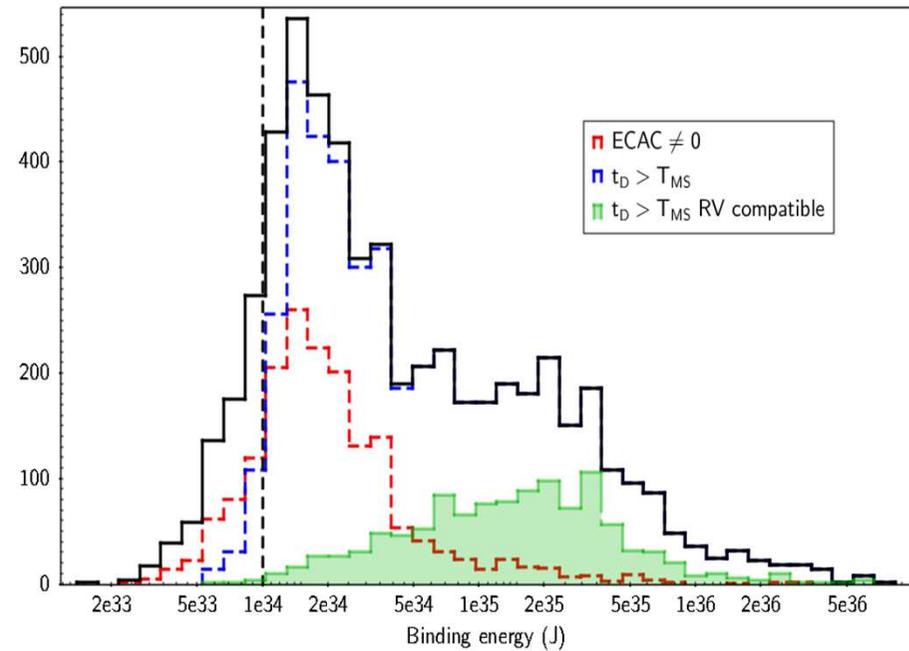
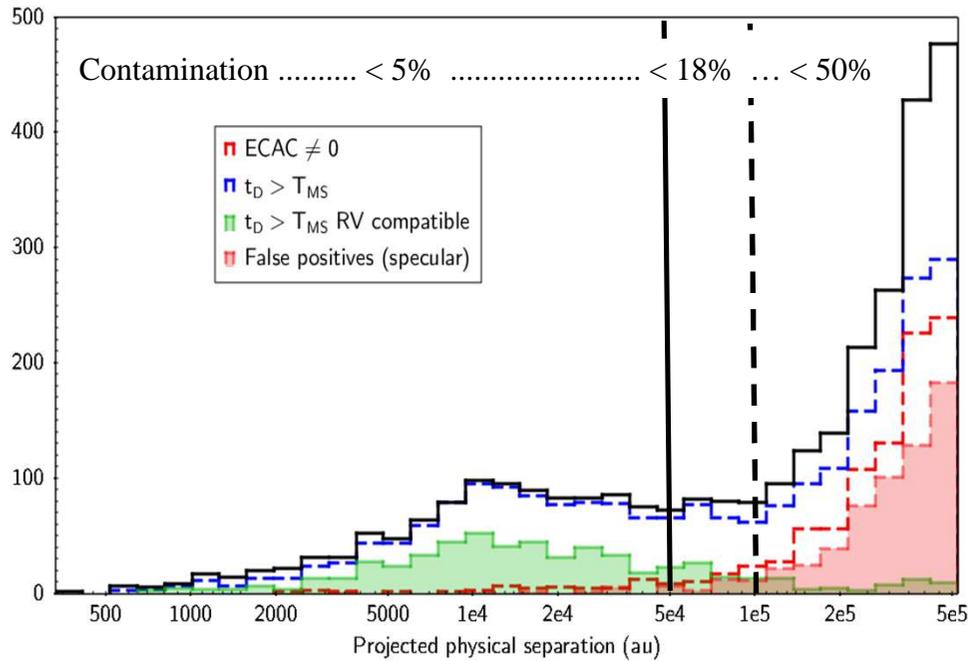
$t_{\text{D}} > t_{\text{MS}}$  more reliable  
(but it could be false)

$t_{\text{D}} < t_{\text{MS}}$  less reliable  
(but it could be real)

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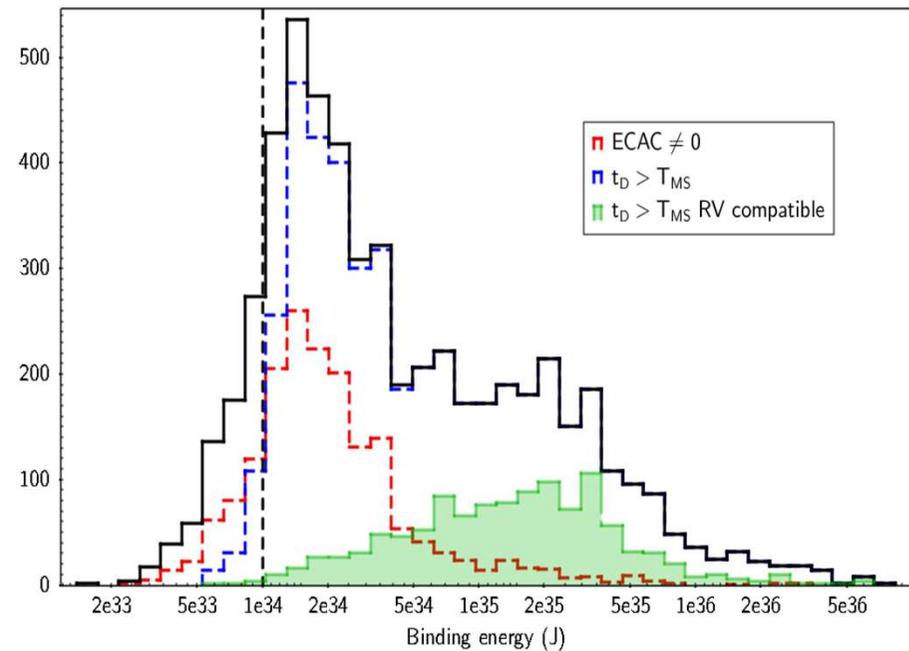
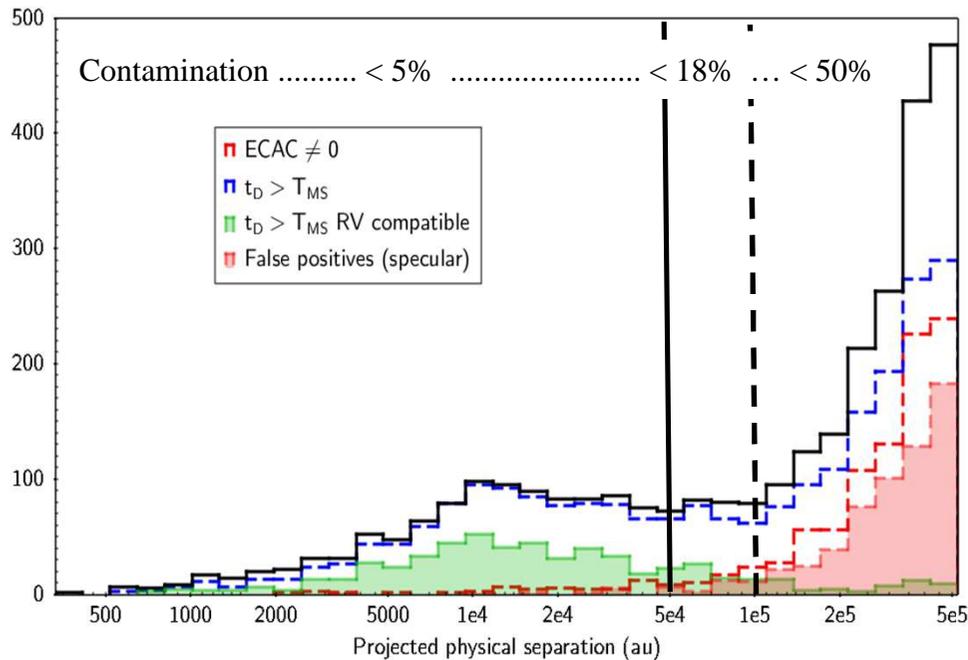


## s & U Distributions



**Clear bimodality in agreement with previous results from TGAS**

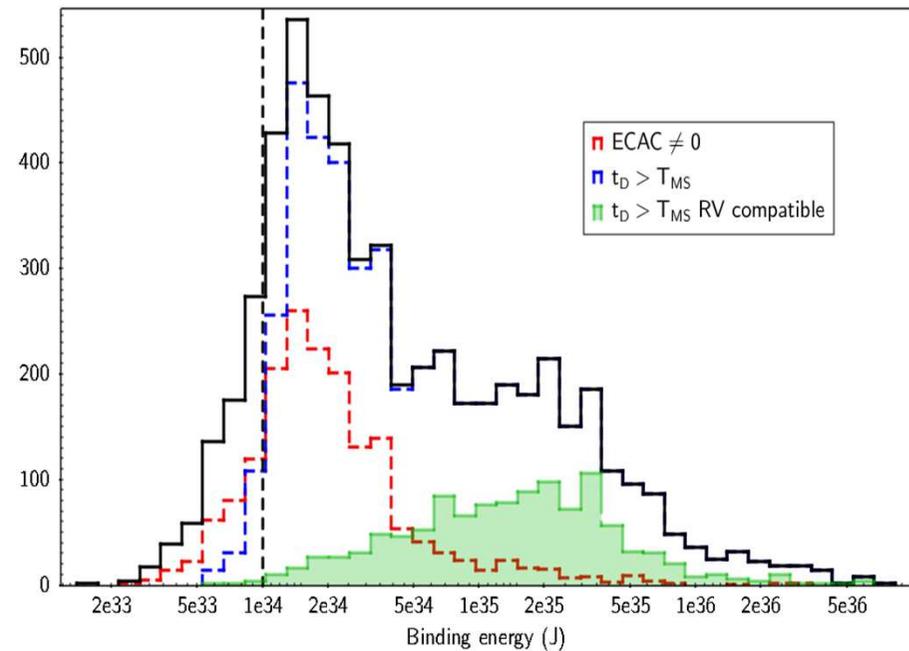
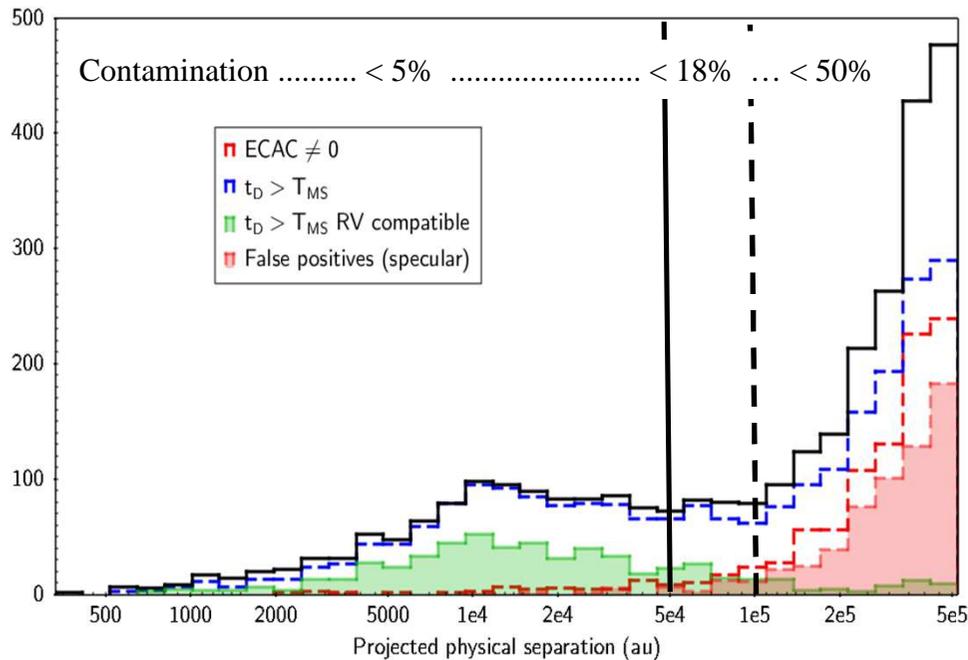
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# Two different populations??

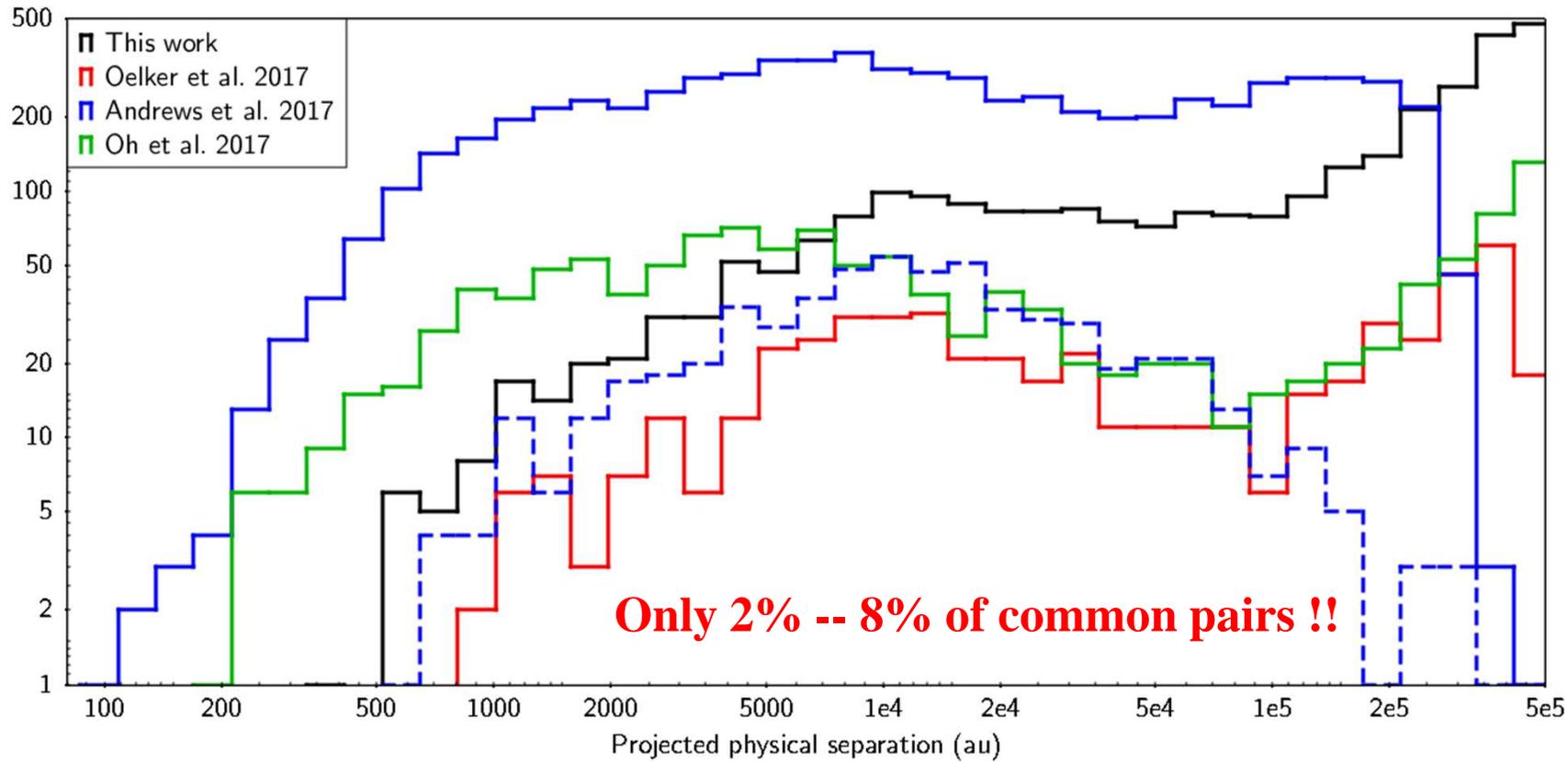
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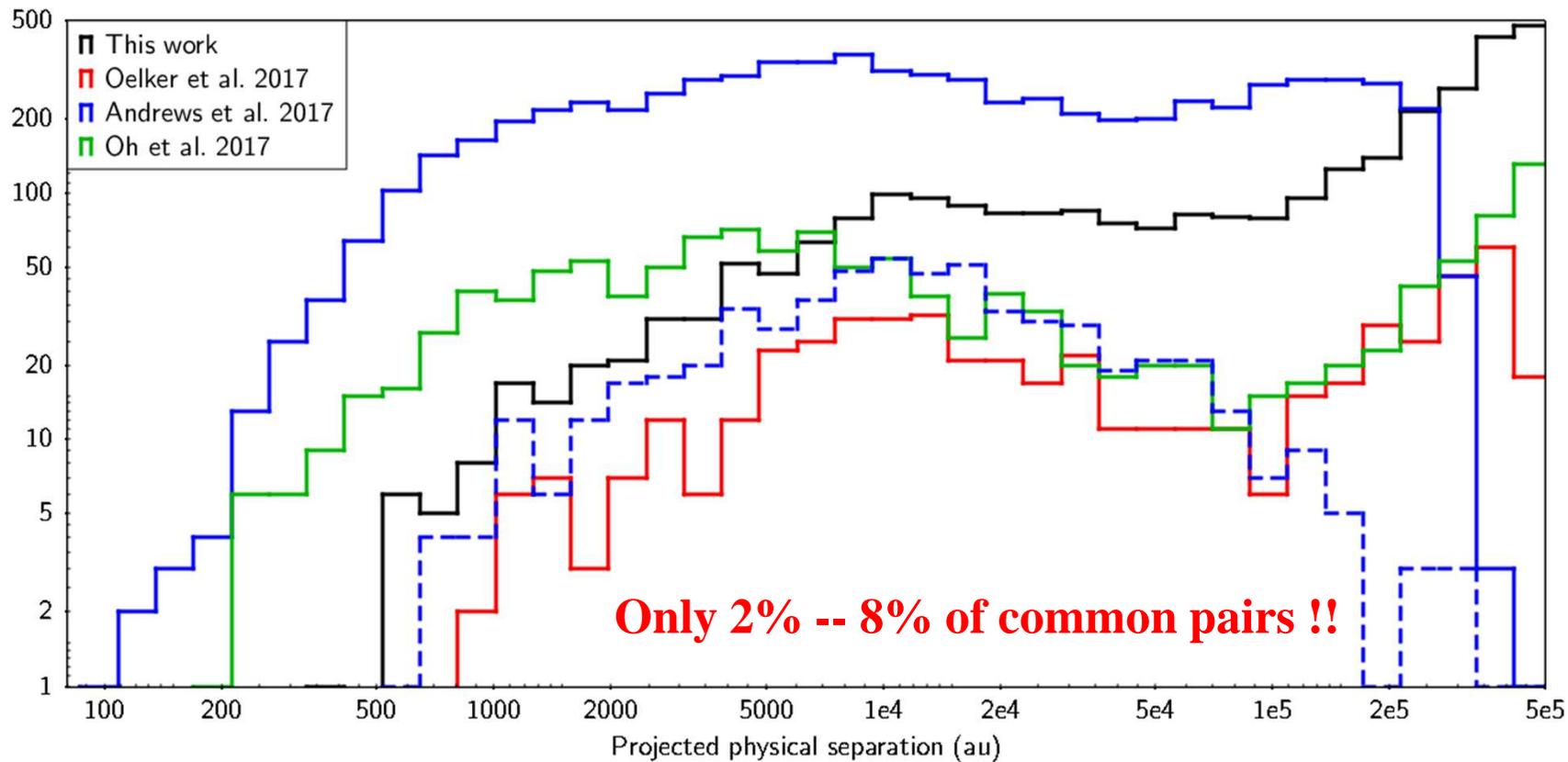
Clear bimodality in agreement with previous results from TGAS

**Ultra-wide binaries may exist  
but they should be rare**

## Our vs. TGAS



## Our vs. TGAS



- Large TGAS errors
- Andrews et al. claimed a low contaminations of only 6% (??!!)

## The SVO archive of double and multiple star systems from Gaia-DR2



Home Data retrieval News Documentation Coverage Map Credits Help-desk

RA (?)   
  DEC (?)   
  Radius (?)   
 Search   
 Reset   
 50 results   
 default verb.   
 (Maximum Search Radius allowed: 180 degrees)

Don't use coordinates as search criterion

[\[-\] Hide additional search fields](#)

<b>Magnitude ranges (?)</b>		<b>Color ranges (?)</b>	
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<b>Sep. Sky (?)</b>	<input type="text"/>	<b>Parallax (?)</b>	<input type="text"/>
<b>RUWE (?)</b>	<input type="text"/>	<b>Teff (?)</b>	<input type="text"/>
<b>Mass (?)</b>	<input type="text"/>	<b>U (?)</b>	<input type="text"/>
<b>ECAC (?)</b>	<input type="text"/>		
<b>Obj.Name: (?)</b>	<input type="text"/>		

First 50 results shown (11550 found)

RA (J2000) (deg)	DEC (J2000) (deg)	RA (J2000) (hh:mm:ss)	DEC (J2000) (hh:mm:ss)	RA (Gaia-DR2) (?) (deg)	DEC (Gaia-DR2) (?) (deg)	Gaia-DR2 (?)	Tycho2 (?)	Star
258.1358	62.8743	17:12:32.58	62:52:27.59	258.1359	62.8745	1631010158460327168	4202-1457-1	HC
257.7838	62.9523	17:11:08.12	62:57:08.39	257.7840	62.9525	1631025482903503744	4202-885-1	TYC
66.3542	22.2000	04:25:25.02	22:12:00.01	66.3548	22.1998	145484629809228544	1277-1627-1	* J
66.5769	22.8136	04:26:18.46	22:48:48.90	66.5774	22.8134	145727729254950912	1816-1893-1	*
68.4049	21.1509	04:33:37.18	21:09:03.06	68.4054	21.1507	144377799556207488	1278-1315-1	HC
68.2477	15.8190	04:32:59.45	15:49:08.29	68.2482	15.8189	3312644885984344704	1266-1286-1	V*
67.6620	15.6919	04:30:38.89	15:41:30.76	67.6625	15.6918	3312628358950130176	1265-1174-1	*
68.4622	14.8444	04:33:50.92	14:50:39.94	68.4626	14.8443	3309419984020071552	681-1151-1	*

<http://svo2.cab.inta-csic.es/vocats/v2/comovingGaiaDR2/>

## Conclusions

- We used a simple method to discover commoving systems
- We created an online catalogue with 3,741 commoving systems
- We estimated a contamination rate between 20-30%
  - Contamination increase with the projected physical separation
  - 1-5% for  $s < 50,000$  au  $\rightarrow$  1,040 high reliable binary systems
- TGAS catalogues:
  - High degree of contamination
  - Bimodality disappears
  - We cannot confirm the ultra-wide binary population (RV from Gaia-DR3)

# Thank you!!