

Kinematics of the Galactic Bar: Gaia capabilities

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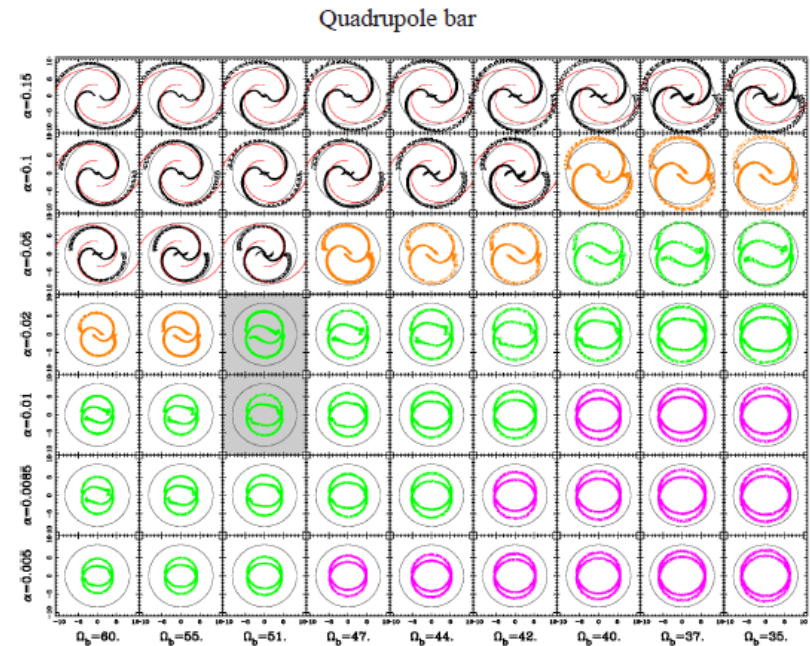
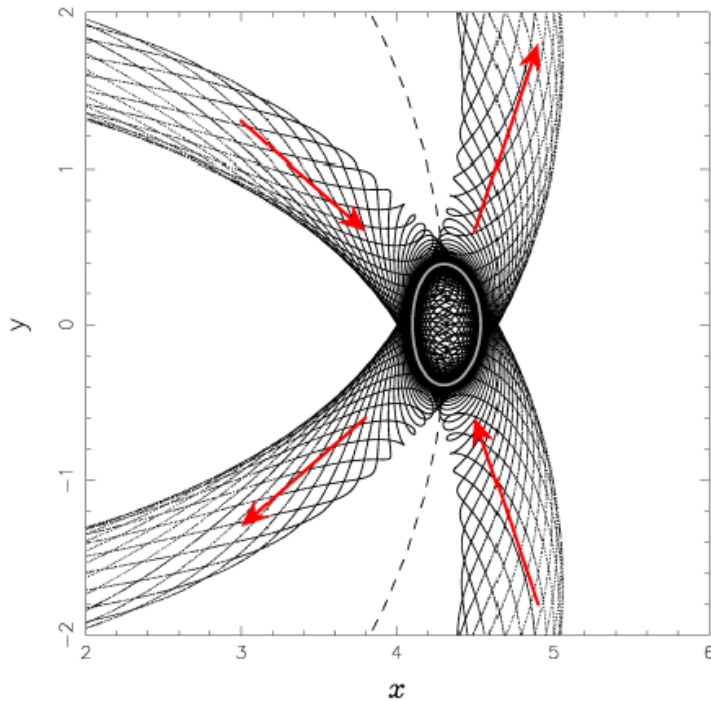
Galaxy Modelling with a Gaia mock
catalogue

Barcelona, 29th Feb – 2nd March



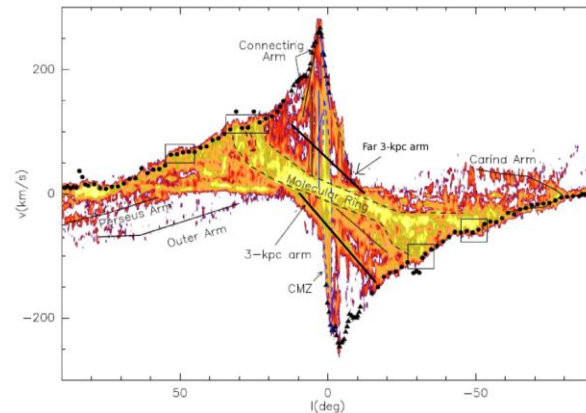
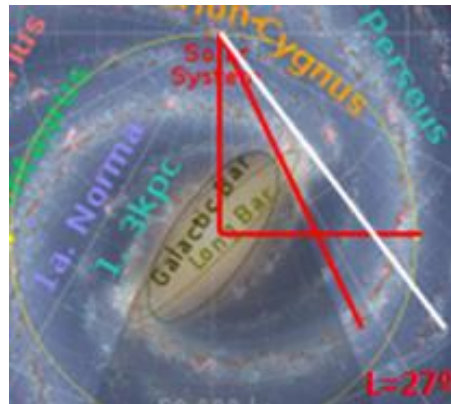
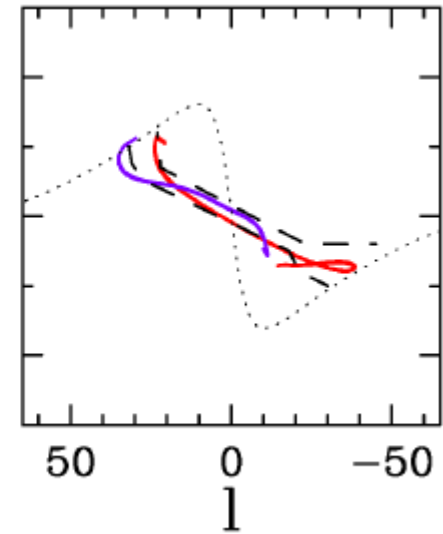
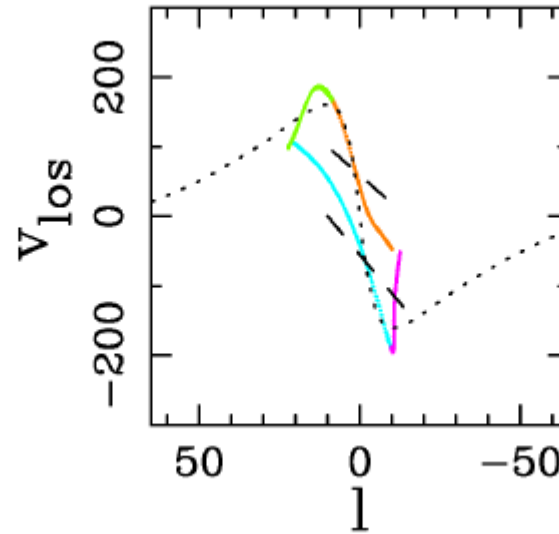
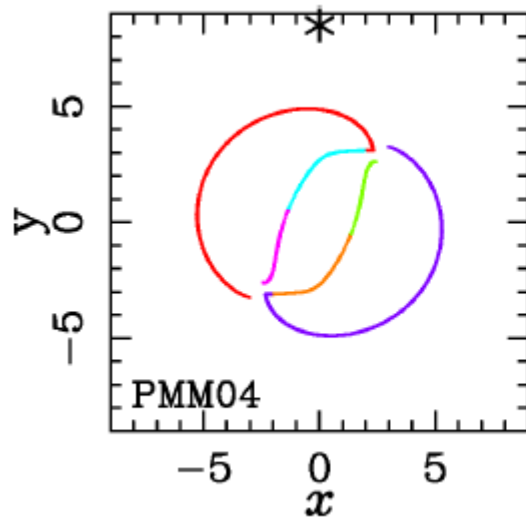
Bar-driven dynamics in the inner part of the MW by using invariant manifolds

Orbits are confined by the invariant manifolds of the unstable periodic orbits located at the ends of the bar.



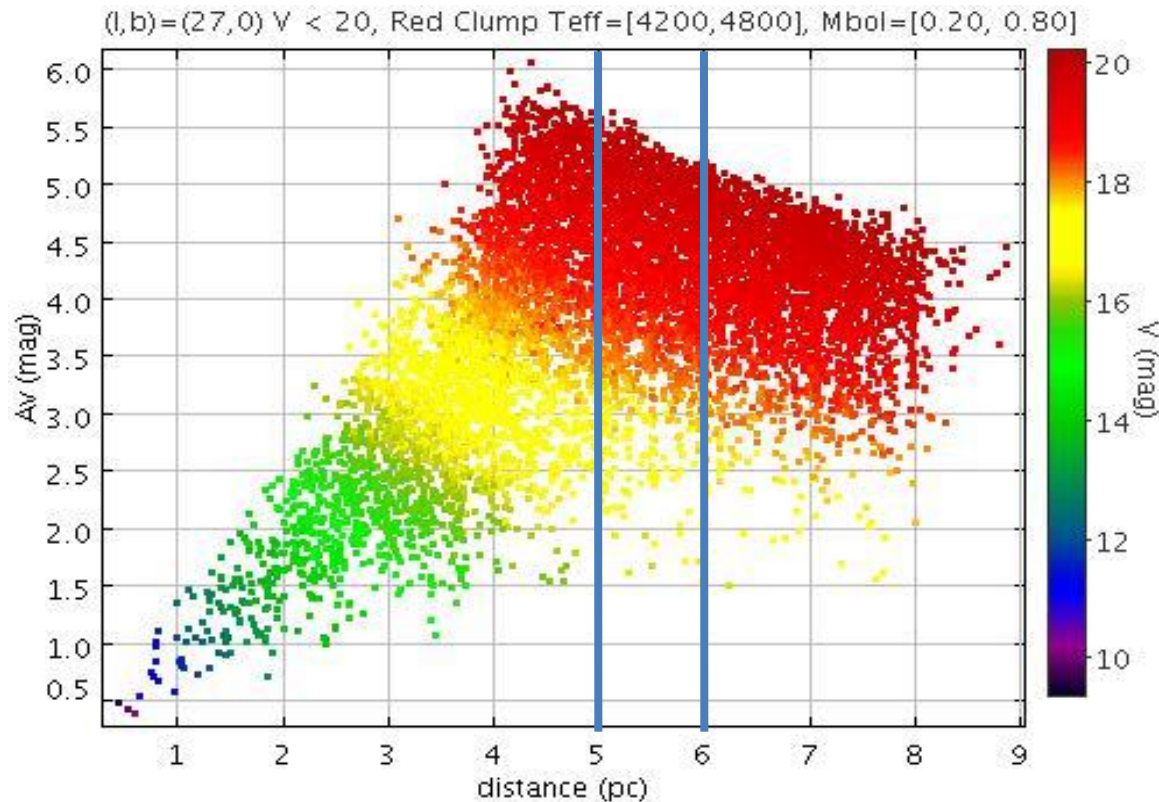
Spiral arms morphology in the manifold framework? Only with a more complex potential with one or two bars in the inner part and a spiral further out

Up to now, we have tested models with the line-of-sight velocity



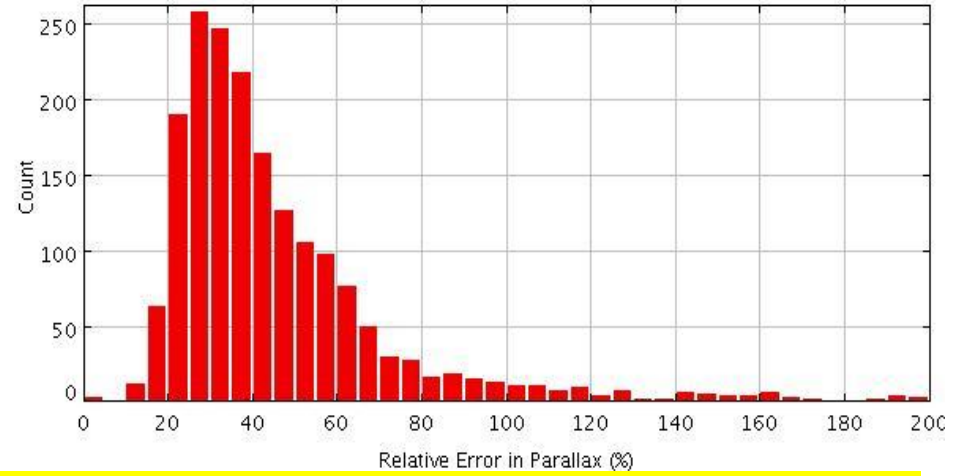
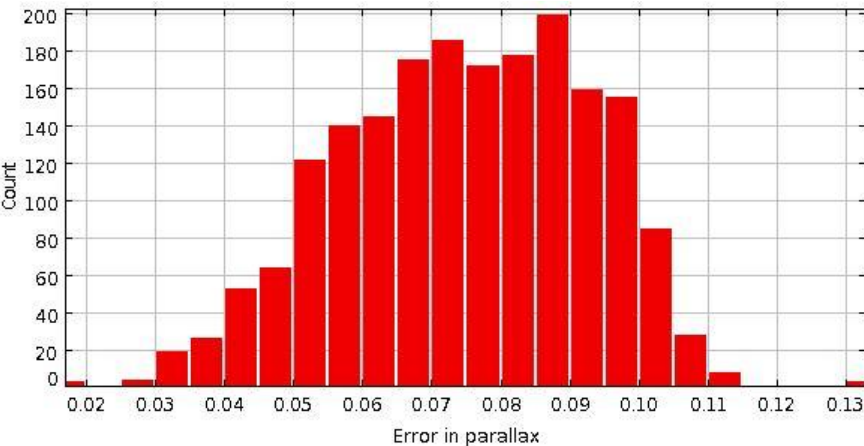
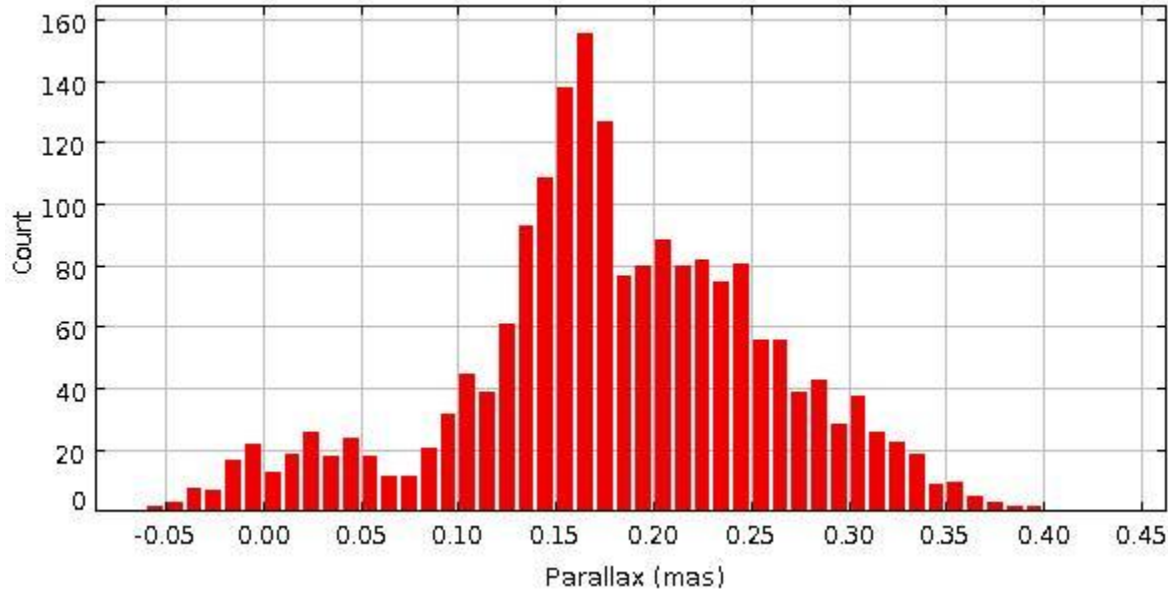
Which Gaia astrometric data will we have to test models at the end of the bar ($l \sim 270^\circ$), in the connexion between bar and spirals?

Kinematic tracers: Red Clump Stars (RC)



*~2000 RC stars deg^{-2} at $(l,b)=(27,0)$ with $V < 20$ at distances $r=[5,6]$ kpc from the Sun
(Source: BGM)*

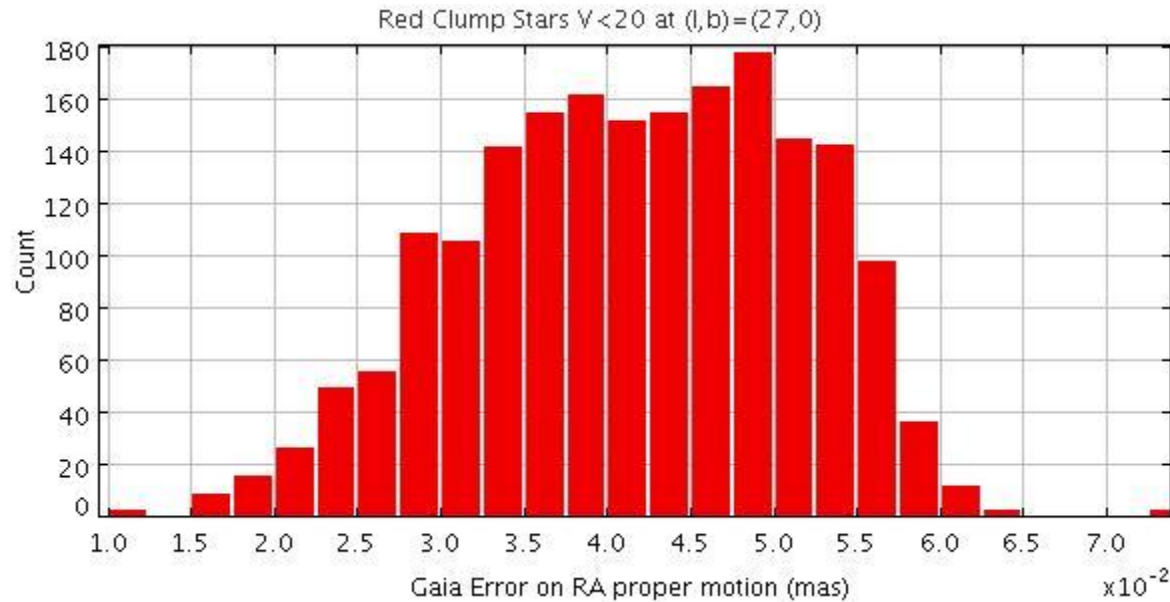
Gaia Relative error in Parallax RC stars at distances $r=[5,6]$ kpc (GOG)



1-2 kpc error in distance!
Astrometry shall be combined with IR data (JHK bands)

V=18-20, $r=5000-6000$, $\pi=200-166$ uas,
De Bruijne (2009): $\text{err}_\pi= 40.$ (V=18) 66. (V=19), 111. (V=20)

Gaia error in proper motion RC stars at distances $r=[5,6]$ kpc (GOG)



$$\sigma_{\mu} = 0.526 \cdot \sigma_{\varpi}$$

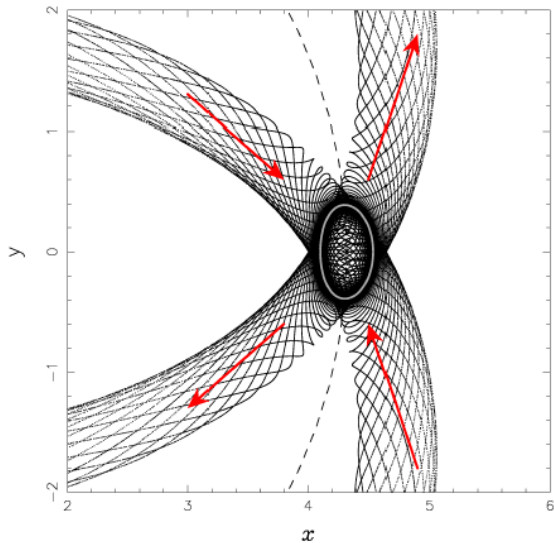
RC stars: range for μ_a : 0-3000 uas/yr

Range of error in μ_a : 20-60 uas/yr

Relative error in μ_a : 1-6 %

BUT the critical point is the error is in parallax

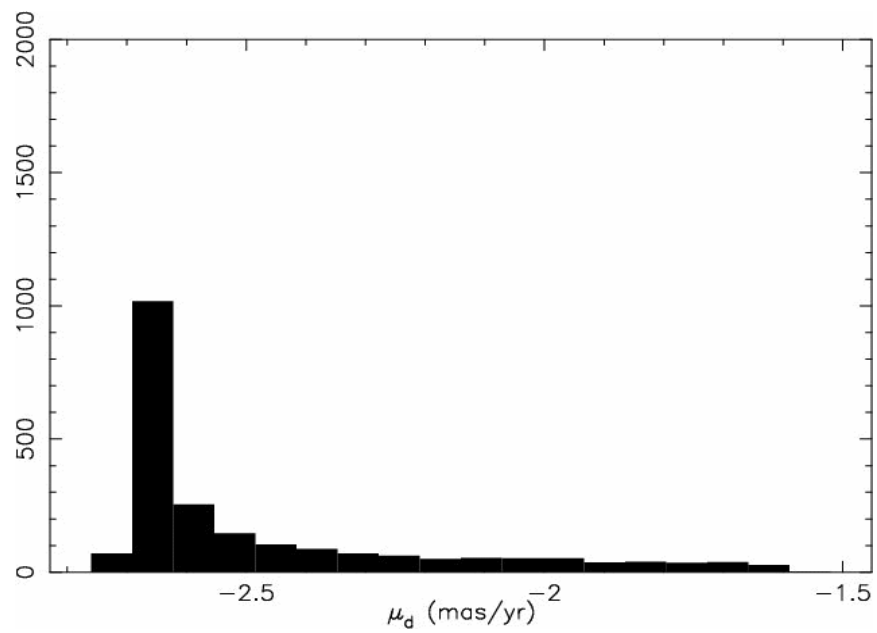
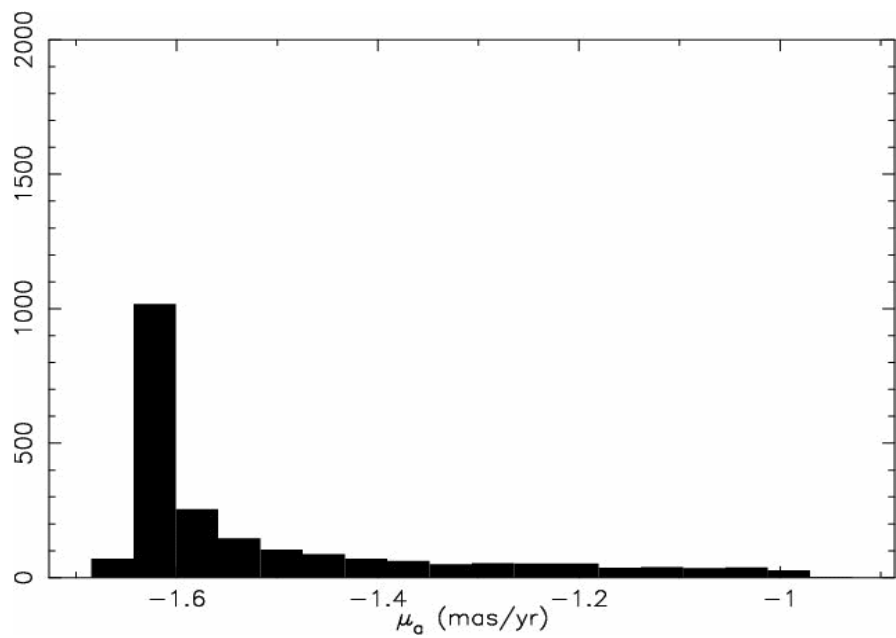
Proper motions of stars located at the ends of the bar: work in progress



+ signal from test
particle simulations

+ signal from N-body
simulations

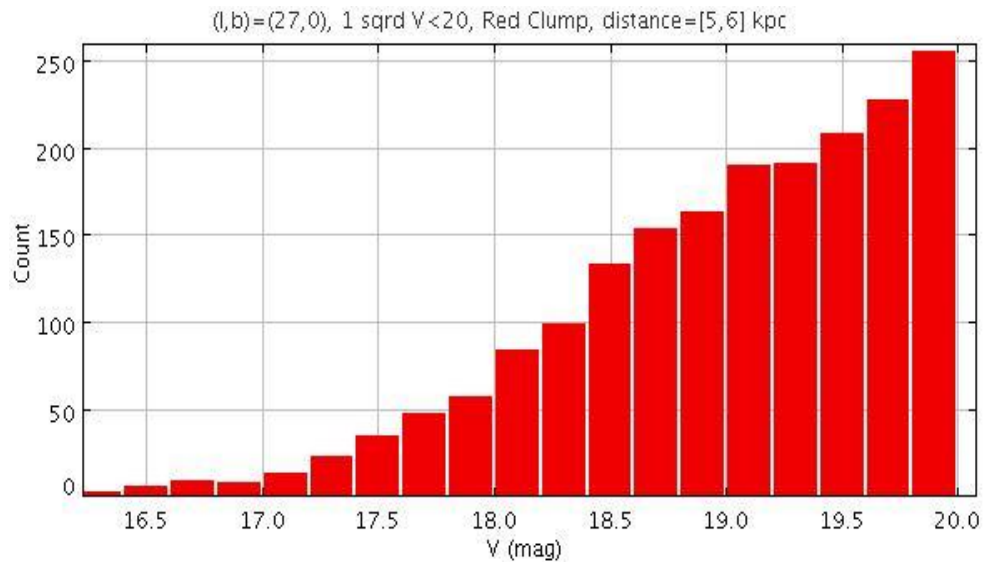
We estimate that in order to discriminate among models:
we need a signal of the order of 10-30km/s (If no error in parallax ~ 0.5 mas/yr)



RC Radial Velocities : only from on-ground spectra (GES, EMIR, WEAVE, ...)

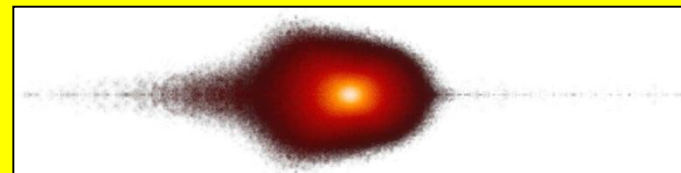
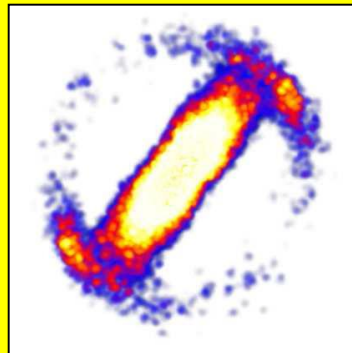
Data from RVS spectrograph

Teff	logg	V	RV-error
4500	2.5	15.0	1.8 km/s
4500	2.5	15.5	2.7
4500	2.5	16.0	4.2
4500	2.5	16.5	6.7
4500	2.5	17.0	10.3
4500	2.5	17.5	18.0



GES, WEAVE, ... chemical composition for these objects are needed

One or two bars?



És en aquestes gràfiques de la transparència anterior on hauriem de superposar els efectes deguts a la presència de la barra

Amb els teus models calculaves V_r (vista des de el Sol)

Podem calcular la velocitat tangencial? ($v_t = \sqrt{v_{tot}^2 - v_r^2}$)

V_{tot} ja ha de ser relatiu al Sol

Si tenim una mitjana d'aquesta velocitat tangencial, la podriem passar a mov propi ($\mu = v_t/r/4.741$, $r=5-6$ kpc)

Aprox:

Si $\omega_{barra} = 50$ km/s/kpc

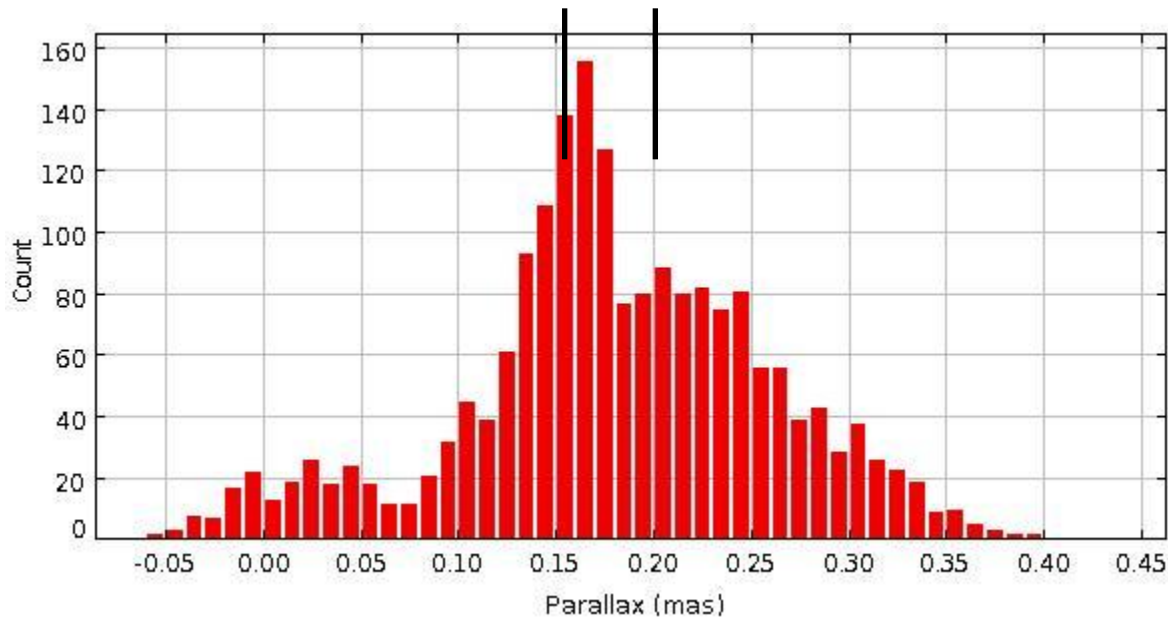
El material del disc també va a $220/5 = 55$ km/s/kpc

Quina cinemàtica afegida indueix la manifold?

A $l=27$, $V_r=120 \rightarrow v_t = \sqrt{x^2 - 120^2} = y$ km/s

$\mu = 7/5500/4.741 \rightarrow$ mas/yr

GAIA (GOG) Parallaxes RC stars at distances $r=[5,6]$ kpc (GOG)



1-2 kpc error in distance!

Astrometry shall be combined with IR data

$V=18-20$, $r=5000-6000$, $\pi=200-166$ μas ,

De Bruijn (2009): $\text{err}_{\pi} = 40.68$ ($V=18$) 66.71 ($V=19$), 111.03 ($V=20$)